

SENATE REFUSES TO CUT ARMY BILL

CALLS HALT TO WHOLESALE REDUCTIONS IN APPROPRIATION BILL.

DEBATES ON PREPAREDNESS

Would be Unwise to Limit Expenditure for Ammunition and Guns Despite Lessening Tension in Mexican Situation.

Washington.—The Senate called a halt on wholesale reductions begun a few days ago in the army appropriation bill, voting down retrenchment proposals and approving increases totalling more than \$30,000,000 when sections were reached carrying provision for ordnance and equipment for the regular army and National Guard. Debate on the ordnance sections developed a predominating sentiment that it would be unwise to limit expenditures for ammunition and guns too closely, despite lessening of tension in the Mexican situation. Decreases of \$86,000,000 related to transportation, subsistence, foreign service pay and emergency estimates put into the bill by the House when the Mexican situation was critical. New increases included:

For medical supplies, increase from \$2,000,000 to \$4,500,000; engineers equipment, \$1,000,000 to \$1,770,000; ordnance stores \$6,000,000 to \$11,000,000; automatic machine guns for regular army, \$3,600,000 to \$7,725,000; automatic machine guns for National Guard, \$2,000,000 to \$6,586,150; armored motor cars, \$300,000 to \$1,000,000; field artillery for National Guard, \$8,000,000 to \$14,200,000; ammunition for National Guard, field artillery, \$8,000,000 to \$14,000,000.

In the item for small arms ammunition the Senate approved a reduction from \$5,000,000 to \$2,500,000 but several senators said they would insist on another vote on the section before the final passage of the bill.

CREW HOLDS COMMUNION FOR SAFETY OF U-BOAT.

Deutschland Partly Submerged at Her Slip at Baltimore and Ready For Dash.

Baltimore.—A communion service was held aboard the interned North German Lloyd steamer Neckar, lying alongside the submarine Deutschland, for the captain and crew of the submarine. The Rev. Otto Aptz, German immigrant missionary, conducted the service. In his prayer he asked that the vessel and her crew may have a safe voyage home.

The service was followed by a banquet. The Neckar was brilliantly lighted.

The Deutschland was partially submerged at her slip. The water is not deep enough for full submergence.

A series of events at the pier where the Deutschland is berthed, indicated that her departure would not be long delayed. The most significant of these were the filling of her water tanks and the stowing below her deck of the crew's bedding as it was removed from the Neckar nearby. Since their arrival two weeks ago the Deutschland's crew have been sleeping aboard the Neckar.

WILSON NONCOMMITTAL ON NATIONAL SUFFRAGE.

Washington.—President Wilson refused to define his position on the Susan B. Anthony amendment for nationwide woman suffrage when told by a delegation of women suffragists that women voters in the United States are waiting to know how he and Charles E. Hughes stand on the question. Mr. Wilson asked the delegation many questions concerning their purposes and when they left, they stated they felt encouraged at the president's attitude.

The delegation included Mrs. Harrie Stanton Blatch of Kansas, Miss Helen Todd of California and Mrs. Abraham Vanwinkle and Mrs. George M. Lemont of New Jersey.

U. S. MAY PURCHASE DANISH WEST INDIES

Washington.—Negotiations between the United States and Denmark for purchase of the Danish West Indies are understood to have reached a definite stage where some important developments soon may come. While the purchase has not been concluded, there were indications that some of the more formidable barriers to an agreement have been removed giving negotiations promise of a successful outcome.

UNITED STATES AND MEXICAN GENERALS IN CONFERENCE

El Paso, Texas.—General George Bell, Jr., commanding the American forces here notified General Francisco Gonzales, commandant at Juarez that his reports indicated that six outlaws, Villa sympathizers, have been responsible for the recent exchange of shots between Massachusetts Guardsmen and Mexicans south of the frontier. These outlaws, General Bell's information said, have a rendezvous on the "Island," near El Paso.

FIRST SHALL BE A "DRY REGIMENT"

COLONEL GARDNER OF THE FIRST REGIMENT PUTS BAN ON ALCOHOLIC SPIRITS.

ABOUT THE SOLDIER BOYS

Many Interesting Happenings Concerning the National Guard in Camp at Morehead City—Daily Drills for the Boys in Khaki.

Camp Glenn.—Colonel Gardner has taken steps to keep up the reputation of the First as the "dry regiment." At "officers' call" he gave notice that, hereafter, any one in the regiment receiving liquor of any kind from the express office, or otherwise, and introducing it into camp will have his name posted on the bulletin board. This action was taken probably on account of an encounter that took place last Saturday night in one of the company streets. Colonel Gardner had an idea that liquor might have had something to do with it, and so strict are his views on this subject that he resolved to put his foot down hard. There are those, however, who doubt if he could force an interstate corporation to give up the names of those who had received for any package in the due order of business. However, the order will result only in good, and Colonel Gardner is being upheld by those who are looking out for the best interests of the regiment.

The three regiments here were consolidated into a brigade unit, with a brigadier general in command, with the mustering in of the remaining companies of the second infantry followed by the mustering in of the brigade headquarters.

The best opinion is that within thirty days the three regiments will have been fairly equalized in equipment, men and fitness and that at about that time orders will have been forthcoming for the movement of the brigade to the border. Meantime there will be drills, target practice, practice marches, hikes of from one to three days with dog tents and all the impediments of troops on the march. Out of the last many good military results are expected for the men. They will be toughened and shaped to the work of a soldier. Undoubtedly such a month's experience will mean much for good when they finally go. The commanding officer has no doubt that the brigade will go to the border in the near future. Exactly when nobody knows.

In spite of number five shoes for thirty-six bodies, the Third regiment band is strutting about joyously in its new equipment. Issuance was completed and the band donned its new uniforms, buckled on its new revolvers, in bright yellow leather holsters, fastened on new-style canteens and played to the flag.

"Shorty" Brown, who handled the drum, and who has the reputation of being probably the smallest man in the United States army, tucked his number three feet into old shoes and elevated the number seven issued by the department. "Shorty" came through examination to muster by special dispensation of the war department. He fought vigorously for a place in the band when the organization left Raleigh. Ninety-nine pounds in weight, he fell twenty-one pounds under the minimum prescribed by the war department. At the same time he is several inches short on height. But "Shorty" was insistent. Examination revealed a specimen of manhood in splendid proportion and without a blemish. His case was reported to the department and Major W. F. Moody succeeded in getting him through.

One hundred and seventy-nine officers and 2,435 men are in camp, a total of 3,114 immediately available with 32 absent on leave. First infantry reports 47 officers and 961 men with six men absent, second infantry 50 officers and 823 men with two officers and four men absent, third infantry 52 officers and 838 men with one officer and 18 men absent; troop A, cavalry, 3 officers and 69 men; troop B, cavalry, 3 officers and 69 men; field hospital, 5 officers and 66 men with one man absent; ambulance company No. 1, 5 officers and 79 men; recruiting party of the coast artillery, 10 officers and 27 men.

Second Pair of Breeches. By much persistence the First is about to draw its second pair of breeches for the men. For some reason its men have been taken away, and its equipment held up and officers are asking, "Why don't the First Regiment move, who is behind this, and what for?"

Colonel Bristol has finished his work here and returned to his home in Statesville. He has turned over all the state property but the brigade commander has asked him to return to get in good shape the target range, which he looked after during former years. Colonel Bristol says he hears all his corn has been swept from the bottoms.

Equipped at Last. Equipment of the Second and Third regiments was completed and the 130 recruits of the First had new clothing and shoes issued, which the shabbily clad youngsters needed badly.

WILEY C. RODMAN.



Col. Wiley C. Rodman, of Washington, N. C., is colonel of the Second Infantry, North Carolina National Guard. Col. Rodman has shown splendid ability in all his relations with the Guard and a great love for the service. He is a popular attorney in his home town.

Continue Recruiting.

Captains Bard and Felmet of Asheville and Waynesville were tied up by the storm and Colonel Gardner wired them to remain their discretion and continue their recruiting. Each has already ten recruits and Captain Bard will probably get more from the Champion Lumber Company at Crestmont whence 10 have come already.

The men have settled their hearts down to a thirty-day postponement, but if the brigade does not move then there will be harmful disappointment. There are twenty-nine states now represented on the border, they say, and all here are believing that North Carolina's opportunity will come in due time. Colonel Bristol told us that the quartermaster's estimate for the movement of the brigade to the border and return was \$600,000, \$100,000 for each regiment each way.

General Smith is staying at the Atlantic Hotel, Morehead City, but his old friends are planning to land him in a tent for a good stay with them.

Drills and practice marches and sham battle practice during the past week. One battalion was put through ambush practice and extended order deployment against a supposed approaching enemy.

These promotions were announced by captains to be second lieutenants: First Sergeant Turner of the Statesville company; First Sergeant Griggs of Shelby; Sergeant Platt of Waynesville; Sergeant Holman of Mount Airy company.

Brigadier General Young reiterated former statements denying any orders for moving troops, but at the same time, he expressed firm conviction that the North Carolina troops will see service on the border. In the meantime, the forces are being equipped, rations for thirty days' camp are available, as well as ten days' transportation rations. Company drills are going along vigorously where anti-typhoid and smallpox vaccinations have not temporarily put the men out of commission.

Third Regiment Leads.

Thus far the Third regiment leads the brigade in furnishing the greatest per cent of men previously serving for muster. The muster rolls of the Third show 45 per cent new men in the ranks when mustered. The First Regiment had about 50 per cent, almost half and half, while the seven companies of the Second mustered show 51 per cent of new men. The field hospital has 67 per cent new men, the ambulance company 51 per cent. Company B, Raleigh, Third Infantry, went into Federal service with 62 per cent new men.

General Young has received instructions from the war department relative to the recruiting service the details of the coast artillery saluted here are expected to render. However, no orders affecting the disposition of the parties have been received here. Consequently the thirty-eight men are camping here and are distributed among the various company messes for subsistence.

Companies A, C and H of the Second infantry have been mustered into service, A with one officer and sixty-five men, C with three officers and sixty-five men, and H with two officers and sixty-five men. Two more companies, the field staff and band, remain to be put through the form by Maj. Henry J. Hunt, senior mustering officer.

J. D. Goodwin of Concord mailed to Captain Brown of the Concord Company, a check for \$1,500 with which to pay his men off. The men of the whole regiment are very short of money, and pay day not until August 1 to 5 next. Mr. Goodwin was first lieutenant of the First North Carolina in 1898.

The Reynolds Tobacco Company has sent checks in full to June 30 in payment of salaries to all men of the Fourth Riflemen who were employed by that corporation.

Major W. R. Robertson with his adjutant, Lieutenant Rufus Johnston, took the second battalion out for a six-mile practice march to Mansfield and back during which the men were given instructions in "advance guard" formation.

Another smart regimental parade was witnessed by a number of women guests from the Atlantic hotel at Morehead among them Mrs. Latta C. Johnston and daughter, Miss Mary R. Johnston, also Mrs. Gardner and party, Miss Nooe, her sister, and Miss Moore of Shelby.

ESTIMATE MADE OF FLOOD DAMAGE

TABULATION SHOWS APPROXIMATELY \$12,000,000 DAMAGE IN STATE.

SMALL FIRMS NOT COUNTED

Railway, Power Line and Crop Losses Are Heaviest—Many Small Country Stores Complete Loss.

Charlotte.—There have been many inquiries received for an estimate of the aggregate damage occasioned by the tempestuous floods that swept through the Yadkin, Broad and French Broad Rivers.

dollars and cents would be a hazardous undertaking for the destruction has been so widespread and so general in extent.

The loss to growing crops for instance would be impossible of calculation. The damage to roads and highways, to general farming operations in the loss of stock, buildings, fences, and a hundred and one other items, would be nothing more nor less than mere guesses, pure and simple. The injury sustained by railroads in the caving in of embankments, of the undermining of fills, tearing up of tracks, destruction of property generally throughout a wide scope of territory especially in the mountains, exclusive of the loss entailed by the destruction of bridges, is something that only time will disclose.

the loss occasioned by the sweeping away of houses and dwellings and barns is next to impossible of calculation.

Estimates have been given that the damage occasioned will approximate \$12,000,000 throughout the Carolina territory but this is generally regarded as excessive. Other figures have been sent out carrying the aggregate even above the first estimate named. A canvass was made among railroad men, cotton mill experts, road building engineers and architects and builders generally for an approximation and from this some general idea of the loss may be gleaned. It is given for what it is worth and should not be accepted as official. The damage is distributed as follows:

Some Figures.

Hydroelectric damage, to power stations and other vested interests of Southern Power Company along Catawba and Broad Rivers—\$1,000,000.

Dravo Power plant and other power stations along Broad River and tributaries—\$500,000.

Yadkin River hydroelectric damage at Clemmons, Whitney and elsewhere—\$250,000.

Textile interests along Catawba, South Fork, Broad, Yadkin, French Broad Rivers—\$750,000.

Railway bridges across Catawba, (Southern, Seaboard, P. & N. and C. & N.W.)—\$500,000.

Railway bridges across Broad, Upper Yadkin, French Broad and tributaries—\$500,000.

State and county highway and road bridges—\$1,000,000.

Track and property damage to railroads, exclusive of bridges and approaches—\$2,000,000.

Damage sustained by Southern Bell, Western Union and Postal Telegraph—\$200,000.

Damage to growing crops, livestock, farm buildings and other agricultural operations—\$5,000,000.

Total—\$11,700,000.

This, of course, does not enumerate various losses sustained at numerous points and in numerous lines. The road damage throughout the flooded one is something staggering to consider and also the loss due to the delay in getting started again. The interruption of operations in many lines will swell the total.

Piedmont Bridge Opened.

Spencer.—The Piedmont toll bridge on the National Highway across the Yadkin river at Spencer, which has been out of commission several days on account of the flood, has been reopened for the public.

Thinks State Competent.

Washington.—Further appeals for aid have been received in Washington from Wilkesboro. Claim is made that many people there face destitute circumstances because of the scarcity of food supplies and will require government assistance. At the present time no funds are available for the use in that work. Both Senators Overman and Simmons and Representative Dougherty have been requested to seek some remedy. The opinion was expressed that North Carolina will be able to care for every need.

Urges Work for Land Bank.

Durham.—Chamber of Commerce officials and John Sprunt Hill, father of rural credits in North Carolina, have written every chamber of commerce in the state, urging that they aid North Carolina in getting one of the 12 land banks to be established in the United States. After the state gets the bank, it can be decided as to which city is best for its location. The local chamber of commerce has written senators and representatives from this state to make a concerted effort to get the bank.

Good Wholesome Flour



That's the Kind We Sell Every Day in the Year.

There's some satisfaction in knowing that you get the best in buying the products of the HIGH POINT MILLING CO.'S mill. You'll find the white frost and luxury flour the best to use for any kind of baking, it's made from the best wheat and makes the best bread, cakes and pastry. Yours truly, HIGH POINT MILLING COMPANY

CAROLINA & YADKIN RIVER RAILWAY COMPANY.

Schedule in Effect October 14, 1914.

This time table shows time at which trains may be expected to arrive and depart from stations shown but their departure or arrival at the time stated is not guaranteed. Subject to Change Without Notice

SOUTHBOUND		No. 21	No. 23
Stations	Lv. daily	Lv. daily	Lv. daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
High Point	8:00	1:10	
Thomasville	8:30	1:40	
Gordonsville	9:18	2:28	
Denton	9:50	3:02	
Ar. High Rock	10:12	3:24	

NORTHBOUND		No. 22	No. 24
Stations	Lv. daily	Lv. daily	Lv. daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
High Rock	10:32	3:45	
Denton	10:54	4:07	
Gordonsville	11:28	4:40	
Thomasville	12:18	5:38	
Ar. High Point	12:43	6:05	

W. E. PRICE, Agt.

HEADQUARTERS FOR Merchandise and Furniture of All Kinds.

Carpets, Rugs, Art Squares, Mattings, Clothing, Shoes, Dry Goods and Notions.

The place where the Dollar goes a long ways.

W. T. KIRKMAN & CO.

Mr. Farmer!

Now's the Time to buy your winter's supply of

Gas Tar

for painting roofs, fence posts, etc.

Place your orders now.

\$3.50 per barrel

f. o. b. gas plant.

N. C. Public Service Co.

217 S. Main High Point, N. C.

Speaking of the Divorce Evil

Trying to succeed in business without advertising is like the case of the man who, trying to cut expenses, divorced his wife and alone attempted to keep house and raise his children. It cost him more money for doctor bills and funeral expenses in a year than he gave his wife in a lifetime.

When advertising is divorced, business success becomes failure.

This paper is building your neighbor's business. He has reasons. He tried advertising and it helped him. It is not an experiment—this paper brings results. Good, hard, convincing results—dollars.

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J. W. SECHREST

Funeral Director and Embalmer

CALL TO SEE US.

Wood's Garden Seed ALL KINDS AND QUANTITIES At the Best Prices Obtainable MANN DRUG CO.

NEW LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE SERVICE

North State Tele. Co. IN CONNECTION WITH POSTAL TELEGRAPH CABLE CO.

In addition to the Telegraph service of the Postal Co., which has proved so popular and has justly claimed the reputation of being the fastest in the world, the Company is now also prepared to furnish long distance Telephone service. The local telephones here are now in connection with the principal cities and towns in many surrounding States. We invite your attention to the popular rates, which show radical reductions below the Bell long distance rates. Remember, the following (our) rates are for FIVE minutes' conversation, instead of three minutes.

Danville.....	\$.40	Henderson.....	\$.50
Lynchburg.....	.60	Petersburg, Va.....	1.00
Charlotte.....	.50	Richmond, Va.....	1.00
Spartanburg, S. C.....	.80	Fredericksburg, Va.....	1.25
Greenville, S. C.....	1.00	Fayetteville.....	.50
Washington, D. C.....	1.25	Camden, S. C.....	1.45
Atlanta, Ga.....	1.90	Columbia, S. C.....	1.00
Gainesville, Ga.....	1.65	Aiken, S. C.....	1.45
Seneca, S. C.....	1.26	Augusta, Ga.....	1.45
	.40		

The rates to other points such as Birmingham, Savannah, Memphis, etc. show similar reductions.